Town of Red Cross Red Cross, North Carolina For the year ended June 30, 2024

Independent Auditor's Reports
Basic Financial Statements
And
Information Accompanying the
Basic Financial Statements

Town Council

Mayor

Kelly Brattain

Council

Lisa Lowder

Council

Melvin Poole

Council

Trina Plowman

Council

Andrew Smith

Officials

Finance Officer

Trina Plowman

Town Clerk

Shannon Alberta

Town of Red Cross

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TONY BREWER CPA, PC

Certified Public Accountant

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Town Council Town of Red Cross Red Cross, North Carolina

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Red Cross, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Red Cross as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town of Red Cross, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibility of Management's for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raises substantial doubt about the Town of Red Cross's ability to continue as a going concern for the twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect material statement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercised professional judgement and maintained professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsible to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Red Cross's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Red Cross 's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 10, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Red Cross, North Carolina's basic financial statements. The individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Tony Brewer, CPA, PC Lexington, North Carolina

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August 20, 2024

Town Of Red Cross North Carolina

176 East Red Cross Road
Oakboro, NC 28129
704-485-2002 / 704-485-2015 (FAX)
www.townofredcross.com

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of Red Cross, we offer readers of the Town of Red Cross's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Red Cross for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

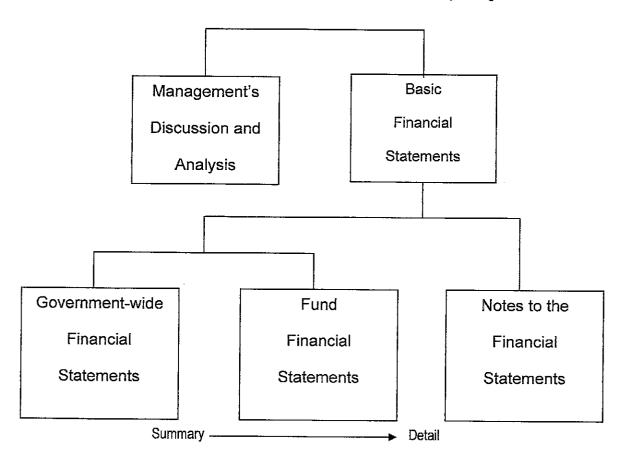
Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Town of Red Cross exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$3,205,770 (net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$76,135 solely due to increases in governmental activities net position.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Red Cross's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$2,004,731 with a net increase of \$92,791 in fund balance. Approximately 40 percent of this total amount, or \$804,075, is restricted or assigned.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,200,656, or 283 percent
 of the total General Fund expenditures for the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction of the Town of Red Cross's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements (see figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Red Cross.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report Figure 1



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the Government- Wide Financial Statements. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 6) are Fund Financial Statements. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are two parts of the Fund Financial Statements: (1) the governmental funds statements; and (2) the budgetary comparison statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, supplemental information is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the general statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Management Discussion and Analysis Town of Red Cross

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are in one category: (I) governmental activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration.

Property taxes and other intergovernmental revenues finance most of these activities.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Red Cross, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance or noncompliance with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes of the Town's budget ordinance. All the funds of the Town of Red Cross are included in one fund; General Fund.

Governmental Funds — Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Red Cross adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decision of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: (I) the original budget as adopted by the Board; (2) the final budget as amended by the Board; (3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and (4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

Management Discussion and Analysis Town of Red Cross

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 16 of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities – The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the State of North Carolina and other governments. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to federal and State laws and federal and State appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings and asset values associated with U.S. Treasury Securities because of actions by foreign government and other holders of publicly held U.S. Treasury Securities.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Town of Red Cross Net Position (Figure 2) June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023

Current and other assets \$ 2,017,694 \$ 1,923,010 \$ 2,017,694 \$ 1,923,010 Capital assets 1,193,790 1,211,436 1,193,790 1,211,436 Total assets 3,211,484 3,134,446 3,211,484 3,134,446 Current Liabilities 5,714 4,812 5,714 4,812 Deferred inflows of resources - - - - - Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources 5,714 4,812 5,714 4,812 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 1,193,790 1,211,436 1,193,790 1,211,436 Restricted for: Stabilization by State Statute 99,377 79,168 99,377 79,168 Streets 88,199 68,213 88,199 68,213 Unrestricted 1,824,405 1,770,817 1,824,405 1,770,817 Total net position \$ 3,205,770 \$ 3,129,634 \$ 3,205,770 \$ 3,129,634		Governmer	ntal Activities	To	otal
Capital assets 1,193,790 1,211,436 1,193,790 1,211,436 Total assets 3,211,484 3,134,446 3,211,484 3,134,446 Current Liabilities 5,714 4,812 5,714 4,812 Deferred inflows of resources - - - - Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources 5,714 4,812 5,714 4,812 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 1,193,790 1,211,436 1,193,790 1,211,436 Restricted for: Stabilization by State Statute 99,377 79,168 99,377 79,168 Streets 88,199 68,213 88,199 68,213 Unrestricted 1,824,405 1,770,817 1,824,405 1,770,817		2024	2023	2024	2023
Total assets 3,211,484 3,134,446 3,211,484 3,134,446 Current Liabilities 5,714 4,812 5,714 4,812 Deferred inflows of resources - - - - Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources 5,714 4,812 5,714 4,812 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 1,193,790 1,211,436 1,193,790 1,211,436 Restricted for: Stabilization by State Statute 99,377 79,168 99,377 79,168 Streets 88,199 68,213 88,199 68,213 Unrestricted 1,824,405 1,770,817 1,824,405 1,770,817	Current and other assets	\$ 2,017,694	\$ 1,923,010	\$ 2,017,694	\$ 1,923,010
Current Liabilities 5,714 4,812 5,714 4,812 Deferred inflows of resources - - - - Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources 5,714 4,812 5,714 4,812 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 1,193,790 1,211,436 1,193,790 1,211,436 Restricted for: Stabilization by State Statute 99,377 79,168 99,377 79,168 Streets 88,199 68,213 88,199 68,213 Unrestricted 1,824,405 1,770,817 1,824,405 1,770,817	Capital assets	1,193,790	1,211,436	1,193,790	1,211,436
Deferred inflows of resources Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources 5,714 4,812 5,714 4,812 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 1,193,790 1,211,436 Restricted for: Stabilization by State Statute 99,377 79,168 99,377 79,168 99,377 79,168 Streets 88,199 68,213 88,199 68,213 Unrestricted 1,824,405 1,770,817 1,824,405 1,770,817	Total assets	3,211,484	3,134,446	3,211,484	3,134,446
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources 5,714 4,812 5,714 4,812 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 1,193,790 1,211,436 1,193,790 1,211,436 Restricted for: Stabilization by State Statute 99,377 79,168 99,377 79,168 Streets 88,199 68,213 88,199 68,213 Unrestricted 1,824,405 1,770,817 1,824,405 1,770,817	Current Liabilities	5,714	4,812	5,714	4,812
inflows of resources 5,714 4,812 5,714 4,812 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 1,193,790 1,211,436 1,193,790 1,211,436 Restricted for: Stabilization by State Statute 99,377 79,168 99,377 79,168 Streets 88,199 68,213 88,199 68,213 Unrestricted 1,824,405 1,770,817 1,824,405 1,770,817	Deferred inflows of resources			-	-
Net position: Net investment in capital assets 1,193,790 1,211,436 1,193,790 1,211,436 Restricted for: Stabilization by State Statute 99,377 79,168 99,377 79,168 Streets 88,199 68,213 88,199 68,213 Unrestricted 1,824,405 1,770,817 1,824,405 1,770,817	Total liabilities and deferred				
Net investment in capital assets 1,193,790 1,211,436 1,193,790 1,211,436 Restricted for: Stabilization by State Statute 99,377 79,168 99,377 79,168 Streets 88,199 68,213 88,199 68,213 Unrestricted 1,824,405 1,770,817 1,824,405 1,770,817	inflows of resources	5,714	4,812	5,714	4,812
capital assets 1,193,790 1,211,436 1,193,790 1,211,436 Restricted for: Stabilization by State Statute 99,377 79,168 99,377 79,168 Streets 88,199 68,213 88,199 68,213 Unrestricted 1,824,405 1,770,817 1,824,405 1,770,817	Net position:				
Restricted for: Stabilization by State Statute 99,377 79,168 99,377 79,168 Streets 88,199 68,213 88,199 68,213 Unrestricted 1,824,405 1,770,817 1,824,405 1,770,817	Net investment in				
Restricted for: Stabilization by State Statute 99,377 79,168 99,377 79,168 Streets 88,199 68,213 88,199 68,213 Unrestricted 1,824,405 1,770,817 1,824,405 1,770,817	capital assets	1,193,790	1,211,436	1,193,790	1.211.436
Streets 88,199 68,213 88,199 68,213 Unrestricted 1,824,405 1,770,817 1,824,405 1,770,817	Restricted for:			, ,	, . ,
Streets 88,199 68,213 88,199 68,213 Unrestricted 1,824,405 1,770,817 1,824,405 1,770,817	Stabilization by State Statute	99,377	79,168	99,377	79,168
Unrestricted 1,824,405 1,770,817 1,824,405 1,770,817	Streets	88,199	68,213	88,199	-
	Unrestricted	1,824,405	1,770,817	•	•
	Total net position	\$ 3,205,770	\$ 3,129,634		

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets of the Town of Red Cross exceeded liabilities by \$3,205,770 as of June 30, 2024. The Town's net position increased by \$76,135 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. However, a large portion (37.2%) reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The Town of Red Cross uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Red Cross's net investment in capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town's net position, \$187,576, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The total remaining balance of \$1,824,770 is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a tax collection percentage of 97.89%.
- Conservative spending by management

Management Discussion and Analysis Town of Red Cross

Town of Red Cross Changes in Net Position (Figure 3)

	Governmental Activi			A <i>ctivities</i>	Total			
		2024		2023		2024		2023
Revenues	•				-	, 	***********	~~
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	4,891	\$	1,005	\$	4,891	\$	1,005
Operating grants and contributions		20,629		119,753		20,629	•	119,753
Capital grants and contributions		•		•		, -		-
General revenues:								
Property taxes		116,438		112,443		116,438		112,443
Other taxes		341,566		331,414		341,566		331,414
Other		33,943		17,212		33,943		17,212
Total revenues		517,467		581,827		517,467	_	581,827
Expenses:								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
General government		216,477		101,390		216,477		101,390
Public safety		87,831		70,851		87,831		70,851
Transportation		644		200		644		200
Zoning		50,736		2,754		835		835
Environmental protection		85,643		85,907		85,643		85,907
Total expenses		441,331		261,102		441,331		261,102
Increase (decrease)		76,135		320,726		76,135	_	320,726
Transfer in (out)		-				· -		_
Net position July 1	3	,129,634		2,808,908		3,129,634		2,808,908
Net position June 30	\$ 3	,205,770	\$	3,129,634	\$	3,205,770	\$	3,129,634

Governmental Activities - Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$76,135. This is primarily due to an increase in local option sales tax.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Red Cross uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds – The focus of the Town of Red Cross's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balance of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Red Cross's financing requirements. Specifically, unreserved fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Red Cross. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Red Cross's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$1,200,656, while total fund balance reached \$2,004,731. The Town currently has an available fund balance of 283% of general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 473% of the same amount.

At June 30, 2024, the governmental funds of Town of Red Cross reported a combined fund balance of \$2,004,731 with a net increase in fund balance of \$92,791. Included in this change in fund balance are increases in fund balance in the General Fund.

Management Discussion and Analysis Town of Red Cross

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets: The Town of Red Cross's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2024, totals \$1,193,790 net of accumulated depreciation. These assets include buildings, land, furniture and equipment, and improvements/renovations.

Town of Red Cross's Capital Assets (net of depreciation) (Figure 4)

Governmental

		Activ	/ities	\$	To	ital	
		2024		2023	2024		2023
Land	\$	792,591	\$	792,591	\$ 792,591	\$	792,591
Buildings		258,127		266,903	258,127		266,903
Furniture & Equipment		41		535	41		535
Other improvements		143,029		151,407	143,029		151,407
	\$ 1	1,193,790	\$	1,211,436	\$ 1,193,790	\$	1,211,436

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 2 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt - The Town of Red Cross had no debt at June 30, 2024.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the Town is \$5,896,600.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

There is little employment, and none projected in the current year. Tax rates remain the same as prior years, but with the state collecting vehicle taxes there has been an increase in vehicle taxes. The Town plans to increase fund balance as it did in the current year. The Town of Red Cross plans to appropriate fund balance in the fiscal year ending 2025 to acquire more land and build a park on Town property.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2025

Governmental Activities: Property taxes and sales tax are expected to stay the same as last year. Expenses are expected to remain similar to prior years as well.

(1) The town has applied for the North Carolina Part F Matching Grant for \$500,000 towards acquiring more land and to build a public park on town property. (2) The town has applied for the North Carolina Trails Grant Match for \$25,000 towards trails for a public park on town property. (3) The Town has applied for the Stanly County Parks Grant Match for \$10,000 towards a public park on town property.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Finance Officer, Town of Red Cross, 176 E Red Cross Road, Oakboro, NC 28129, Telephone: (704) 485-3887.

TOWN OF RED CROSS, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2024

	Primary Gove	ernment
	Governmental	<u> </u>
	Activities	Total
Assets:		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,822,869	1,822,869
Taxes receivable (net)	7,249	7,249
Accounts receivable (net)	· -	-
Due from other governments	75,237	75,237
Prepaids	24,140	24,140
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	88,199	88,199
Total Current Assets	2,017,694	2,017,694
Non-Current Assets:		
Capital Assets (Note 1):		
Land	792,591	792,591
Other capital assets, net of	. 02,00	102,001
depreciation	401,199	401,199
Total Capital Assets	1,193,790	1,193,790
Total Non-Current Assets	1,193,790	1,193,790
Total Assets	3,211,484	3,211,484
Liabilities:		
Current Liabilities:		
Payroll liabilities	1,184	1,184
Accounts payable	4,530	4,530
Total Liabilities	5,714	5,714
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	1,193,790	1,193,790
Stabilization by State Statute	99,377	99,377
Streets	88,199	88,199
Unrestricted	1,824,405	1,824,405
Total Net Position	3,205,770	3,205,770

TOWN OF RED CROSS, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

					Prog	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and	Reven	ne and
									Changes in Net Position	Net Po	sition
					_	Operating	Capital		Primary Government	Vernn	lent
tione/Drograms	ĩ		ნ '	Charges for	Ο,	Grants and	Grants and	Ō	Governmental		
stolis/Flugiants	1	Expenses	ומ	Services	ၓ႞	Contributions	Contributions		Activities		Total
iary covernment: ernmental Activities:											
Seneral government	↔	216,477	↔	1,493	↔	1	•э	₩	(214.984)	€9	(214,984)
oublic safety		87,831				1	•		(87,831)		(87.831)
ransportation		644		•		20,629	•		19.985		19.985
Zoning		50,736		3,398			•		(47,338)		(47,338)
environmental protection		85,643		•		ı	•		(85,643)		(85.643)
Total Primary Government											(2) (2)
(See Note 1)	မာ	441,330	မာ	4,891	ક	20,629	.		(415,810)		(415,810)
	Gener	General Revenues:									
	Taxes:	es:									
	<u>a</u> .	Property taxes, levied for general purpose	levied fo	r general purp	ose				116,438		116,438
	0	Other taxes							341,566		341,566
	5	Unrestricted investment earnings	ment ea	rnings					31,193		31,193
	Misc	Miscellaneous							2,750		2,750
		Total General Revenues	ıl Reven	sen					491,946		491,946
		Transfers In (out)	(ont)						1		
		Change in Net Position	et Positi	uo					76,135		76,135
	Net Pc	Net Position, Beginning of Year	ning of	Year					3,129,634		3,129,634
	Net Po	Net Position, End of Year	Year					40	3,205,770	S	3,205,770

Zoning Environmental protection

Governmental Activities: General government Public safety Transportation

Functions/Programs Primary Government:

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TOWN OF RED CROSS, NORTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2024

		Major Fund		Total
		General	Go	ovemmental Funds
Assets:			****	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,822,869	\$	1,822,869
Restricted cash		88,199		88,199
Receivables, net				
Taxes		7,249		7,249
Due from other governments		75,237		75,237
Prepaids		24,140		24,140
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	2,017,694	\$	2,017,694
Liabilities:			,	
Payroll liabilities	\$	1,184	\$	1,184
Accounts payable	•	4,530	Ψ	4,530
Total Liabilities		5,714		5,714
Defermed Inflores of December 1		0,, , ,	-	0,714
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Property taxes receivable		7,249		7,249
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		7,249		7,249
Fund Balances:				
Restricted				
Stabilization by State Statute		99,377		99,377
Streets		88,199		88,199
Assigned:		,		00,.00
Subsequent year's expenditures - park		616,499		616,499
Unassigned		1,200,656		1,200,656
Total Fund Balances		2,004,731		2,004,731
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows				
of Resources and Fund Balances	e	0.047.004		
or resources and runo balances		2,017,694		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial				
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.				
Gross capital assets at historical cost	\$	1,345,109		
Accumulated depreciation	Ψ	(151,319)		1,193,790
		(101,010)		1,100,100
Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows				
of resources in fund statements.				7,249
Net position of governmental activities			\$	3,205,770

TOWN OF RED CROSS, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	M	lajor Funds	_	Total
		General	Go	vernmental Funds
Revenues:		General	_	ruitus
Ad valorem taxes	\$	115,447	\$	115,447
Unrestricted intergovernmental		341,566	·	341,566
Restricted intergovernmental		20,629		20,629
Investment earnings		31,193		31,193
Permits and fees		1,493		1,493
Miscellaneous		6,148		6,148
Total Revenues		516,476		516,476
Expenditures:				
General government		198,831		198,831
Public safety		87,831		87,831
Transportation		644		644
Zoning		50,736		50,736
Environmental protection		85,643		85,643
Total Expenditures		423,684		423,684
Revenues over (under) expenditures		92,791		92,791
Transfers (out) in		-		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		92,791		92,791
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		1,911,940		1,911,940
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$_	2,004,731	\$	2,004,731
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:				
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$	92,791
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.				
Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized Depreciation expense for governmental assets	\$	- 17,646		(17,646)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.				,
Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues				991
Total changes in net position of governmental activities			\$	76,135

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Original Budget	Final Budget	 Actual Amounts		iance with al Budget- Positive legative)
Revenues:						
Ad valorem taxes	\$	85,000	\$ 115,000	\$ 115,447	\$	447
Unrestricted intergovernmental		235,000	255,000	341,566		86,566
Restricted intergovernmental		-	-	20,629		20,629
Investment earnings		-	-	31,193		31,193
Permits and fees		-	-	1,493		1,493
Miscellaneous	-		 -	 6,148		6,148
Total Revenues		320,000	 370,000	 516,476		146,476
Expenditures:						
General government		130,000	207,500	198,831		9 660
Public safety		84,000	89,000	87,831		8,669 1,169
Transportation		11,000	6,000	644		5,356
Zoning		5,000	53,000	50,736		2,264
Environmental protection		90,000	87,000	85,643		1,357
Total Expenditures		320,000	 442,500	 423,684		18,816
Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures			(72,500)	00.704		405.004
Experience			 (72,500)	 92,791		165,291
Fund Balance Appropriated		-	72,500	-		72,500
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (to) from other funds: None	_	<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		- -
			*			
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$ -	 92,791		92,791
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year				1,911,940		
Fund Balance, End of Year				\$ 2,004,731		

TOWN OF RED CROSS, NORTH CAROLINA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Red Cross conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity

The Town of Red Cross is a municipal corporation which is governed by an elected mayor and a four-member council.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category, *governmental*, are presented. The Town has no fiduciary funds to report. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. Any remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, maintenance, and sanitation services.

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured.

General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 30, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town of Red Cross because the tax is levied by Stanly County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations by more than \$2,500. All amendments must be approved by the governing council. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The securities of the NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, are valued at fair value, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

All cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

Restricted Assets

Powell Bill funds are classified as restricted cash and cash equivalents because it can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4.

Town of Red Cross's Res	tricted Ca	ash
Governmental Activities:		
General Fund:		
Streets	\$	88,199
Total Restricted Cash	\$	88,199

Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due September 1st (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2022. As allowed by State law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years. The Town believes any allowance to be immaterial.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: land, buildings, improvements, infrastructure, furniture and equipment, and vehicles, \$3,000. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2017 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2016 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2004, consist of road network assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1981, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Infrastructure	10-20
Buildings	20-40
Improvements	10-20
Vehicles	5-10
Furniture and equipment	5-15
Computer equipment	5

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has no items that meet this criterion. In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has one item that meets the criterion for this category – property taxes receivable.

Claims, Judgments, and Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2024, the Town was not involved in any lawsuits.

Long-Term Obligations

At June 30, 2024, the Town of Red Cross had a legal debt margin of \$5,896,600. The Town had no other long-term debt.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Continued)

Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statue.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, the fund balance has two categories of fund balance:

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law:

Restricted for stabilization of State Statute – North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State Statute (RSS) is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "Restricted by State Statute." Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net Position and Restricted Fund Balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for streets – The Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Unassigned Fund Balance – portion of total fund balance available that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purpose on other funds.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

- A. Material Violations of Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions: None
- B. <u>Deficit in Fund Balance or Net position of Individual Funds:</u> None
- C. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriation: None

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds

Deposits

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for noninterest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for the interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit needs for deposits but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards in minimum capitalization in all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designated official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2024, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$1,911,068 and a bank balance of \$1,914,985. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method.

Assets - Capital Assets

Capital assets for the Primary Government for the year ended for the year June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	В	eginning						Ending
	B	alances	Incre	ases	(Decr	eases)	Í	Balances
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	792,591	\$		\$		\$	792,591
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		332,756		-		-		332,756
Renovations		202,215		-		-		202,215
Furniture and equipment		17,546		-		-		17,546
Total capital assets not being depreciated:		552,517						552,517
Less, accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		65,853	8	,775		_		74,628
Renovations		50,808	8	378		-		59,186
Furniture and equipment		17,011		493				17,504
Total accumulated depreciation		133,672	17	,646				151,318
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		418,845						401,199
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$	1,211,436					\$	1,193,790

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government \$17,646

Note 3 – Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Outflows of Resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has no items that meet this criterion. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred inflows of Resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The town has only one item that meets the criterion for this category – property taxes receivable.

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end are comprised of the following:

	Statem	ent of	Gene	eral Fund
	Net Po	sition	Balar	nce Sheet
Ad Valorem tax receivable (General Fund)	\$	-	\$	7,249
	\$	-	\$	7,249

Net Investment in Capital Assets

	Go	vernmental
Capital Assets	\$	1,193,790
less: long-term debt		-
add: unexpended debt proceeds		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	1,193,790

Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 2,004,731
Less:	
Stabilization by State Statute	99,377
Streets	88,199
Appropriated fund balance in 2025 budget	616,499
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 1,200,656

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town carries commercial insurance for all risk of loss.

The Town does not carry flood insurance because they are not in a flood zone and the extra expense is unnecessary.

The Town's finance officer is bonded under a \$50,000 bond.

The Town of Red Cross has adopted no minimum fund balance policy for the Fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the Town.

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

State Assisted Program

The Town has received proceeds from State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

Note 5 - Significant Effects of Subsequent Events

The Town has evaluated all subsequent events through August 20, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	TOT THE TOUT ENGEL	Julie 30, 2024			
Revenues:	BudgetActual		Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual Year ended June 30, 2023	
Ad Valorem Taxes:					
		A 444.000			
Taxes		\$ 114,866		\$ 114,843	
Interest		581		564	
Total	\$ 115,000	115,447	\$ 447	115,407	
Unrestricted Intergovernmental:					
Local option sales taxes		300,106		291,422	
Utility franchise tax		36,853		35,601	
Sales tax refund		30,000			
		-		74	
Solid waste disposal tax		645		654	
Beer and wine excise tax		3,963		3,664	
Total	255,000	341,566	86,566	331,414	
Restricted Intergovernmental:					
Powell Bill allocation		20,144		18,226	
Interest - Powell Bill		485		277	
Total			20,629		
lotai		20,629	20,029	18,503	
Investment earnings	·	31,193	31,193	10,009	
Permits and fees:					
Building permits		-		225	
Rezoning fees		1,493		30	
,		1,493	1,493	255	
Miscellaneous:					
Rental income		2.750		7.450	
		2,750		7,150	
Civil penalties				750	
Zoning reimbursement Other		3,398		- 53	
Total miscellaneous		6,148	6,148	7,953	
Total Books					
Total Revenues					
	370,000	516,476	146,476	483,542	
Expenditures:					
General Government:					
Salaries		23,434		7,800	
Payroll taxes		5,471		7,800 697	
Professional services		110,481		39,756	
Office expense		10,122		4,240	
Dues and subscriptions		3,353		2,860	
Insurance and bonds		7,357		3,870	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual Year ended June 30, 2023
Expenditures (continued): Administrative costs		\$ 3,271		\$ 1,884
Telephone		2,907		2,444
Park serveying		5,300		-
Park engineering		6,200		-
Bank charges Board of elections		-		82
Capital outlay		-		390
Miscellaneous		-		- 1,218
Total	\$ 186,500	177,896	\$ 8,604	65,241
Public Buildings:				
Utilities		3,266		2,610
Repairs and maintenance		14,714		14,444
Training Total	04.000	2,955		1,449
	21,000	20,935	65	18,503
Total General Government	207,500	198,831	8,669	83,744
Public Safety: Police:				
Contracted services Fire:		22,743		16,323
Contracted services		65,088		54,528
Total Public Safety	89,000	87,831	1,169	70,851
Transportation:				
Streets and highways				
Repairs and maintenance		-		-
Powell Bill		644_		200_
Total Transportation	6,000	644	5,356	200
Zoning:	53,000	50,736	2,264	2,754
Environmental Protection: Solid waste		85,643		85,907
Total Environmental Protection	87,000	85,643	1,357	85,907
Total Expenditures	442,500	423,684	18,816	243,456
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(72,500)	92,791	165,291	240,086

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers (to) from other funds:	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual Year ended June 30, 2023
ARPA Fund	\$ -	\$	\$ -	\$ 101,250
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u> </u>		101,250
Fund Balance Appropriated	72,500	-	(72,500)	-
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	92,791	\$ 237,791	341,336
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		1,911,940		1,570,603
Fund Balance, End of Year		\$ 2,004,731		\$ 1,911,940

TOWN OF RED CROSS, NORTH CAROLINA General Fund Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2024

Fiscal Year	В	Balance Collections		Uncollected Balance June 30, 2023		æ			B	collected dalance e 30, 2024
2023-2024			\$	117,932	\$	115,446	\$	2,486		
2022-2023	\$	2,217	•	-	•	1,050	•	1,167		
2021-2022		1,002		_		149		853		
2020-2021		518		-		_		518		
2019-2020		532		_		_		532		
2018-2019		551		-		-		551		
2017-2018		306		-		-		306		
2016-2017		168		-		_		168		
2015-2016		223		-		_		223		
2014-2015		223		-		_		223		
2013-2014		222		-		-		222		
2012-2013	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	297				297		-		
	\$	6,259	\$	117,932	\$	116,942	\$	7,249		
	Ad valorem i	axes receivab	le - net				\$	7,249		
	Ad Valor	ent with Revolem Taxes - Gilling Items:		und				115,447		
	Other adjust							1,198 297		
	Total Collec	tions and Cre	edits				\$	116,942		

TOWN OF RED CROSS, NORTH CAROLINA ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY TOWN - WIDE LEVY

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Total Levy			
	T	own-Wide		Property Excluding Registered	Registered		
	Property Valuation	Rate	Total Levy	Motor Vehicles	Motor Vehicles		
Original Levy: Property taxed at current year's rate	\$ 73,707,500	0.16	\$ 117,932	\$ 94,311	\$ 23,621		
Total Property Valuation	\$ 73,707,500						
Net levy			\$ 117,932	<u>\$ 94,311</u>	\$ 23,621		
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2024			(2,486)	(2,486)			
Current year's taxes collected			\$ 115,446	\$ 91,825	\$ 23,621		
Current levy collection percentage			97.89%	97.36%	100.00%		